1. [begin()](https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/vectorbegin-vectorend-c-stl/) – Returns an iterator pointing to the first element in the vector
2. [end()](https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/vectorbegin-vectorend-c-stl/) – Returns an iterator pointing to the theoretical element that follows the last element in the vector
3. [rbegin()](https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/vector-rbegin-and-rend-function-in-c-stl/) – Returns a reverse iterator pointing to the last element in the vector (reverse beginning). It moves from last to first element
4. [rend()](https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/vector-rbegin-and-rend-function-in-c-stl/) – Returns a reverse iterator pointing to the theoretical element preceding the first element in the vector (considered as reverse end)
5. [cbegin()](https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/vector-cbegin-vector-cend-c-stl/) – Returns a constant iterator pointing to the first element in the vector.
6. [cend()](https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/vector-cbegin-vector-cend-c-stl/) – Returns a constant iterator pointing to the theoretical element that follows the last element in the vector.
7. [crbegin()](https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/vectorcrend-vectorcrbegin-examples/) – Returns a constant reverse iterator pointing to the last element in the vector (reverse beginning). It moves from last to first element
8. [crend()](https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/vectorcrend-vectorcrbegin-examples/) – Returns a constant reverse iterator pointing to the theoretical element preceding the first element in the vector (considered as reverse end)